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Data Sheet PARP10 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit Catalog # 80560

DESCRIPTION: The *PARP10 Chemiluminescent Activity Assay Kit* is designed to measure PARP10 activity for screening and profiling applications. PARP10 is known to catalyze the NAD-dependent ADP-ribosylation. The PARP10 assay kit comes in a convenient 96-well format, with purified PARP10 enzyme, histone mixture, and PARP assay buffer for 100 enzyme reactions. The key to the *PARP10 Chemiluminescent Activity Assay* is the biotinylated substrate. With this kit, only three simple steps are required for PARP10 reactions. First, histone proteins are coated on a 96-well plate. Next, the biotinylated substrate is incubated with an assay buffer that contains the PARP10 enzyme. Finally, the plate is treated with streptavidin-HRP followed by addition of the HRP substrate to produce chemiluminescence that can then be measured using a chemiluminescence reader.

COMPONENTS:

Catalog #	Reagent	Amount	Storac	ne er
			•	JC
80510	PARP10	10 μg	-80℃	
52029	5x histone mixture	1 ml	-80℃	
	10x assay mixture containing	300 μl	-80℃	
	biotinylated substrate			Ausid
	10x PARP assay buffer	1 ml	-20℃	Avoid
	Blocking buffer	25 ml	+4℃	multiple freeze/
80611	Streptavidin-HRP	100 μl	+4℃	thaw
	HRP chemiluminescent substrate A	6 ml	+4℃	cycles!
	(translucent bottle)			cycles:
	HRP chemiluminescent substrate B	6 ml	+4℃	
	(brown bottle)			
	96-well module plate	1	Room Temp.	

MATERIALS OR INSTRUMENTS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED:

1x PBS buffer

PBST buffer (1x PBS, containing 0.05% Tween-20)

Luminometer or fluorescent microplate reader capable of reading chemiluminescence Adjustable micropipettor and sterile tips

Rotating or rocker platform

APPLICATIONS: Great for studying enzyme kinetics and screening small molecular inhibitors for drug discovery and HTS applications.

STABILITY: Up to 1 year when stored as recommended.

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REFERENCE(S): Brown JA, Marala RB. *J. Pharmacol. Toxicol. Methods* 2002 **47:**137-41.

ASSAY PROTOCOL:

All samples and controls should be tested in duplicate.

Step 1: Coat 50 µl of histone solution to a 96-well module

- 1) Dilute 5x histone mixture 1:5 with PBS.
- 2) Add 50 μl of histone solution to each well and incubate at 4°C overnight (or incubate at 30°C for 90 minutes).
- 3) Wash the plate three times using 200 μ l PBST buffer (1x PBS containing 0.05% Tween 20) per well.
- 4) Tap plate onto clean paper towel to remove liquid.
- 5) Block the wells by adding 200 μl of **Blocking buffer** to every well. Incubate at room temperature for 60-90 minutes.
- 6) Wash plate three times with 200 µl PBST buffer as described above.
- 7) Tap plate onto clean paper towel to remove liquid.

Step 2: Ribosylation reaction

- 1) Prepare 1x PARP buffer by adding 1 part of **10x PARP assay buffer** to 9 parts $H_2O(v/v)$
- 2) Thaw **PARP10** enzyme on ice. Upon first thaw, briefly spin tube containing enzyme to recover full content of the tube. Calculate the amount of PARP10 required for the assay and dilute enzyme to ~ 5 ng/μl with 1x PARP buffer. Aliquot remaining PARP10 enzyme into single use aliquots. Store remaining undiluted enzyme in aliquots at -80 °C. <u>Note</u>: PARP10 enzyme is very sensitive to freeze/thaw cycles. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles. Do not re-use thawed aliquots or diluted enzyme.
- 3) Prepare the master mixture: N wells x (2.5 μl **10x PARP buffer** + 2.5 μl **10X PARP Assay mixture** + 20 μl water). Add 25 μl to every well.



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	Positive Control	Test Inhibitor	Blank
10x PARP buffer	2.5 μΙ	2.5 μΙ	2.5 μΙ
10x Assay mixture	2.5 μΙ	2.5 μΙ	2.5 μΙ
Water	20 μΙ	20 μΙ	20 μΙ
Test Inhibitor	_	5μl	_
Inhibitor Buffer (no inhibitor)	5 μΙ	_	5 μΙ
1x PARP buffer	_	_	20 μΙ
PARP10 (~ 5 ng/μl)	20 μΙ	20 μΙ	•
Total	50 μl	50 μl	50 μl

- 4) Add 5 μl of **Inhibitor solution** of each well labeled as "Test Inhibitor". For the "Positive Control" and "Blank", add 5 μl of the same solution without inhibitor (**Inhibitor buffer**). <u>Note</u>: The PARP10 Chemiluminescent Assay Kit is compatible with up to 1% final DMSO concentration. We recommend preparing the inhibitor in 10% DMSO aqueous solution and using 5 μl per PARP10 reaction.
- 5) To the wells designated as "Blank", add 20 µl of 1X PARP buffer.
- 6) Initiate reaction by adding 20 µl of diluted PARP10 enzyme to the wells designated "Positive Control" and "Test Inhibitor Control". Incubate at room temperature for 1 hour.
- 7) Discard the reaction mixture after 1 hour, and wash plate three times with 200 µl PBST buffer and tap plate onto clean paper towel as described above.

Step 3: Detection

- 1) Dilute **Streptavidin-HRP** 1:50 in Blocking buffer.
- 2) Add 50 μ l of diluted Streptavidin-HRP to each well. Incubate for 30 min. at room temperature.
- 3) Wash three times with 200 µl PBST buffer and tap plate onto clean paper towel as above as described above.
- 4) Just before use, mix on ice 50 μl HRP chemiluminescent substrate A and 50 μl HRP chemiluminescent substrate B and add 100 μl per well.
- Immediately read the plate in a luminometer or microtiter-plate reader capable of reading chemiluminescence. The "Blank" value is subtracted from all other values.



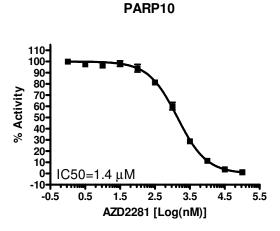
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Reading Chemiluminescence:

Chemiluminescence is the emission of light (luminescence) which results from a chemical reaction. The detection of chemiluminescence requires no wavenlength selection because the method used is emission photometry and is not emission spectrophotometry.

To properly read chemiluminescence, make sure the plate reader is set for LUMINESCENCE mode. Typical integration time is 1 second, delay after plate movement is 100 msec. Do not use a filter when measuring light emission. Typical settings for the Synergy 2 BioTek plate reader are: use the "hole" position on the filter wheel; Optics position: Top; Read type: endpoint. Sensitivity may be adjusted based on the luminescence of a control assay without enzyme (typically we set this value as 100).

Example of Assay Results:



PARP10 activity, measured using the *PARP10 Chemiluminescent Activity Assay Kit*, BPS Bioscience Cat. # 80560. Luminescence was measured using a Bio-Tek microplate reader. *Data shown is lot-specific. For lot-specific information, please contact BPS Bioscience, Inc. at info@bpsbioscience.com*



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RELATED PRODUCTS:

Product Name	Catalog #	<u>Size</u>
PARP1 Assay Kit	80551	96 rxns.
PARP2 Assay Kit	80552	96 rxns.
PARP3 Assay Kit	80553	96 rxns.
PARP5A (TNKS1) Assay Kit	80573	96 rxns.
PARP5B (TNKS2) Assay Kit	80579	96 rxns.
PARP6 Assay Kit	80556	32 rxns.
PARP7 Assay Kit	80567	96 rxns.
PARP11 Assay Kit	80561	96 rxns.
PARP15 Assay Kit	80567	96 rxns.
PARP1 Enzyme	80501	10 μg
PARP2 Enzyme	80502	10 μg
PARP3 Enzyme	80503	10 μg
PARP6 Enzyme	80506	10 μg
TNKS2 (PARP5A) Enzyme	80504	10 μg
TNKS2 (PARP5B/C) Enzyme	80505	10 μg
PARP7 Enzyme	80507	10 μg
PARP9 Enzyme	80509	10 μg
PARP11 Enzyme	80511	10 μg
PARP12 Enzyme	80512	10 μg



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TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution	
Luminescence signal of	PARP10 enzyme has	Enzyme loses activity upon repeated	
positive control reaction is	lost activity	freeze/thaw cycles. Use fresh enzyme	
weak		(PARP10, BPS Bioscience #80510).	
		Store enzyme in single-use aliquots.	
		Increase time of enzyme incubation.	
		Increase enzyme concentration.	
	Incorrect settings on	Refer to instrument instructions for	
	instruments	settings to increase sensitivity of light	
		detection. See section on "Reading	
		Chemiluminescence" above.	
	Chemiluminescent	Chemiluminescent solution should be	
	reagents mixed too	used within 15 minutes of mixing.	
	soon	Ensure both reagents are properly	
		mixed.	
Luminescent signal is	Inaccurate	Run duplicates of all reactions.	
erratic or varies widely	pipetting/technique	Use a multichannel pipettor.	
among wells		Use master mixes to minimize errors.	
	Bubbles in wells	Pipette slowly to avoid bubble	
		formation. Tap plate lightly to disperse	
		bubbles; be careful not to splash	
		between wells.	
Background (signal to noise	Insufficient washes	Be sure to include blocking steps after	
ratio) is high		wash steps. Increase number of	
, 3		washes. Increase wash volume.	
		Increase Tween-20 concentration to	
		0.1% in TBST.	
	Sample solvent is	Run negative control assay including	
	inhibiting the enzyme	solvent. Maintain DMSO level at <1%	
	,	Increase time of enzyme incubation.	
	Results are outside the	Use different concentrations of	
	linear range of the	enzyme (PARP10, BPS Bioscience	
	assay	#80510) to create a standard curve.	