

Monoamine Oxidase A (MAO-A) Inhibitor Screening Kit (Fluorometric)

3/14

(Catalog # K796-100; 100 assays; Store at -20°C)

I. Introduction:

Monoamine oxidases (MAO, EC 1.4.3.4) are a family of enzymes that can oxidize a wide variety of endogenous primary amines. Two isoforms, MAO-A and MAO-B, have been identified based on their substrate, inhibitor specificity, and tissue localization. MAO-A can oxidize primary amines such as serotonin and norepinephrine. MAO-A is a mitochondrial-bound enzyme that is ubiquitously expressed throughout the brain and other tissues. It has been implicated in panic, anxiety, and depression. Several MAO-A specific inhibitors such as clorgyline, brofaromine, tolaxatone, tetrindole, etc. have been used as antidepressants, but their usage has been limited due to side effects. BioVision's MAO-A Inhibitor Screening Kit offers a rapid, simple, sensitive, and reliable test suitable for high-throughput screening of MAO-A inhibitors. The assay is based on the fluorometric detection of H₂O₂, one of the byproducts generated during the oxidative deamination of MAO substrate (Tyramine).

II. Applications:

Screening/studying/characterizing MAO-A inhibitors

III. Kit Contents:

Components	K796-100	Cap Code	Part Number
MAO-A Assay Buffer	25 ml	WM	K796-100-1
OxiRed™ Probe (in DMSO)	0.2 ml	Red	K796-100-2A
MAO-A Enzyme (Lyophilized)	1 vial	Orange	K796-100-3
MAO-A Substrate (Lyophilized)	1 vial	Blue	K796-100-4
Developer (Lyophilized)	1 vial	Green	K796-100-5
Inhibitor Control (Clorgyline) (Lyophilized)	1 vial	Clear	K796-100-6

IV. User Supplied Reagents and Equipment:

- 96-well black plate with flat bottom.
- Multi-well spectrophotometer.
- H₂O₂ (not provided, Cat. # K266-100-5)

V. Storage Conditions and Reagent Preparation:

Store kit at -20°C, protected from light. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw for all non-buffer components. Briefly centrifuge small vials prior to opening. Read the entire protocol before performing the assay.

- **MAO-A Assay Buffer:** Bring to room temperature before use. Store at -20°C.
- **OxiRed™ Probe:** Bring to room temperature before use. Protect from light & moisture. Store at -20°C. Stable for two months.
- **MAO-A Enzyme:** Reconstitute with 25 µl MAO-A Assay Buffer. Mix well. Aliquot & store at -80°C. Stable for two months.
- **MAO-A Substrate:** Reconstitute with 110 µl ddH₂O. Store at -20°C. Stable for two months.
- **Developer:** Reconstitute with 220 µl MAO-A Assay Buffer. Mix well. Store at -20°C. Stable for two months.
- **Inhibitor Control (Clorgyline):** Reconstitute with 250 µl ddH₂O to make a stock solution of 2 mM. Mix well. Make a 10 µM working solution by adding 5 µl of the 2 mM stock solution into 995 µl ddH₂O. Store the stock solution at -20°C. Stable for two months. Inhibitor's working solution can be stored at 4°C to use within 24 hrs.

VI. MAO-A Inhibitor Screening Protocol:

1. Screening Compounds, Inhibitor Control, and Blank Control Preparations: Dissolve test inhibitors into proper solvent. Dilute to 10X the desired test concentration with MAO-A Assay Buffer before use. Add 10 µl of test inhibitor (S), working solution of Inhibitor Control (IC) and MAO-A Assay Buffer (Enzyme Control; EC) into assigned wells.

Note:

- Preferred final solvent concentration should not be more than 2% by volume. If solvent exceeds 2% include a Solvent Control to test the effect of the solvent on enzyme activity.
- Optional: To check the possible inhibitory effect of test inhibitors on Developer, prepare a parallel test inhibitor well (TI). Inhibitor Control-Clorgyline does not inhibit the Developer.

2. MAO-A Enzyme Solution Preparation: Dilute the Enzyme stock solution 5 times by adding 2 µl of MAO-A Enzyme Stock Solution into 8 µl of MAO-A Assay Buffer. For each well, prepare 50 µl MAO-A Enzyme Solution:

MAO-A Assay Buffer	49 µl
Diluted MAO-A Enzyme	1 µl

Mix. Add 50 µl/well into wells containing test inhibitors, Inhibitor Control, & Enzyme Control. Incubate for 10 min. at 25°C.

Note:

- Always freshly prepare MAO-A Enzyme working solution. Don't store the enzyme working solution.
- To check the possible inhibitory effect of test inhibitors on Developer, replace the 1 µl of diluted MAO-A Enzyme with 1 µl of 10 mM H₂O₂. Mix & add 50 µl to the TI well. Incubate for 10 min. at 25°C

3. MAO-A Substrate Solution Preparation: For each well, prepare 40 µl of MAO-A Substrate Solution:

MAO-A Assay Buffer	37 μ l
MAO-A Substrate	1 μ l
Developer	1 μ l
OxiRed™ Probe	1 μ l

Mix well and add 40 μ l of the MAO-A Substrate Solution into each well. Mix well.

4. Measurement: Measure the fluorescence (Ex/Em = 535/587 nm) kinetically at 25°C for 10-30 min. Choose two points (T_1 and T_2) in the linear range of the plot and obtain the corresponding fluorescence values (RFU_1 and RFU_2).

5. Calculation: Calculate the slope for all samples, including Enzyme Control (EC), by dividing the net ΔRFU ($RFU_2 - RFU_1$) values by the time Δt ($T_2 - T_1$). Calculate % Relative Inhibition as follows:

$$\% \text{ Relative Inhibition} = \frac{(\text{Slope of EC} - \text{Slope of S})}{\text{Slope of EC}} \times 100$$

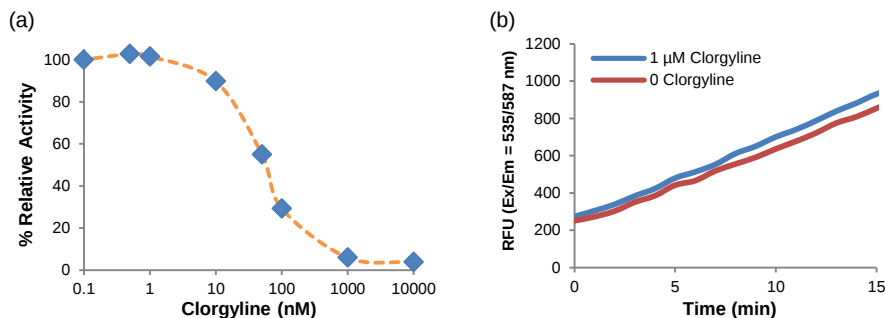


Figure: (a) Inhibition of MAO-A Activity with Clorgyline. (b) Clorgyline does not inhibit MAO-B activity (an isozyme of MAO-A). Assays were performed following kit protocol.

VII. RELATED PRODUCTS:

Monoamine Oxidase (Total, MAO-A, MAO-B) Activity Fluorometric Assay Kit (K795)

Monoamine Oxidase B (MAO-B) Inhibitor Screening Kit (Fluorometric) (K797)

Rasagiline mesylate (2237)

H₂O₂ (0.88 M) (K266-100-5)

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.