

## **Aconitase Assay Kit**

Item No. 705502



**Customer Service** 800.364.9897 \* **Technical Support** 888.526.5351

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# GENERAL INFORMATION

## Materials Supplied

Item Number	Item	Quantity
705503	Aconitase Assay Buffer (10X)	1 vial
705504	Aconitase Positive Control	1 vial
705506	Aconitase Substrate Solution (10X)	1 vial
705507	Aconitase Cysteine Hydrochloride	1 vial
705508	Aconitase Ferrous Ammonium Sulfate	1 vial
705509	Aconitase NADP <sup>+</sup> Reagent	3 vials
705510	Aconitase Isocitric Dehydrogenase	3 vials
400014	96-Well Plate (Colorimetric Assay)	1 plate
400012	96-Well Cover Sheet	1 cover

If any of the items listed above are damaged or missing, please contact our Customer Service department at (800) 364-9897 or (734) 971-3335. We cannot accept any returns without prior authorization.



**WARNING:** This product is for laboratory research use only: not for administration to humans. Not for human or veterinary diagnostic or therapeutic use.

## Precautions

Please read these instructions carefully before beginning this assay.

For research use only. Not for human or diagnostic use.

## If You Have Problems

### Technical Service Contact Information

**Phone:** 888-526-5351 (USA and Canada only) or 734-975-3888

**Fax:** 734-971-3641

**Email:** techserv@caymanchem.com

**Hours:** M-F 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM EST

In order for our staff to assist you quickly and efficiently, please be ready to supply the lot number of the kit (found on the outside of the box).

## Storage and Stability

This kit will perform as specified if stored at -20°C and used before the expiration date indicated on the outside of the box.

## Materials Needed But Not Supplied

1. A plate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 340 nm
2. Adjustable pipettes and a repeating pipettor
3. A source of pure water; glass distilled water or HPLC-grade water is acceptable

## INTRODUCTION

### Background

Aconitase is an iron-sulfur protein containing a  $[\text{Fe}_4\text{S}_4]^{2+}$  cluster that catalyzes the stereospecific isomerization of citrate to isocitrate *via cis*-aconitate.<sup>1</sup> Aconitase functions in both the tricarboxylic acid (Krebs) and glyoxylate cycles. Unlike the majority of iron-sulfur proteins that function as electron carriers, the  $[\text{Fe}_4\text{S}_4]^{2+}$  cluster of aconitase reacts directly with its substrate. In eukaryotes, there are two forms of the enzyme, a cytosolic (cAcn) and a mitochondrial aconitase (mAcn), which are encoded by two different genes.<sup>2</sup> In bacteria, there are also two forms, aconitase A (AcnA) and B (AcnB).<sup>3</sup> Eukaryotic aconitases contain the  $[\text{Fe}_4\text{S}_4]^{2+}$  cluster which is required for their enzymatic activities. It has been shown that exposure of aconitase to oxidants, particularly superoxide and hydrogen peroxide, renders the enzyme inactive.<sup>4,5</sup> Loss of aconitase activity in cells or in biological samples treated with pro-oxidants has been interpreted as a measure of oxidative damage.<sup>5-10</sup> Oxidative damage during aging targets mitochondrial aconitase.<sup>10</sup> It has been demonstrated *in vitro* that reactivation of aconitase can occur upon removal of oxidants and reinsertion of a ferrous ion into the  $[\text{Fe}_4\text{S}_4]^{2+}$  cluster.<sup>11,12</sup> Aconitase activity is reported to decline during cardiac ischemia/reperfusion events.<sup>8</sup>

## About This Assay

Cayman's Aconitase Assay provides a simple, sensitive and reproducible means to assay aconitase activity from tissue homogenate or cell lysates. This assay measures the absorbance of NAD(P)H at 340 nm, which is generated in the coupled reactions of aconitase with isocitric dehydrogenase (Figure 1). The rate at which NAD(P)H is generated is proportional to the activity of aconitase.<sup>13,14</sup>

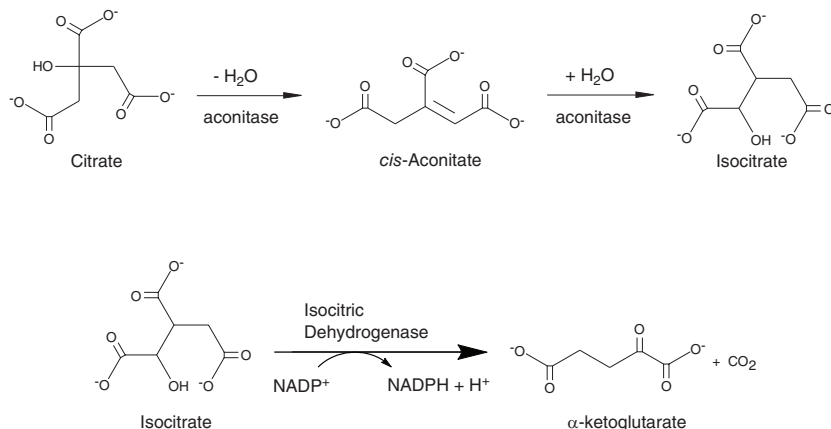


Figure 1. Assay scheme

## PRE-ASSAY PREPARATION

### Reagent Preparation

#### 1. Aconitase Assay Buffer (10X) - (Item No. 705503)

This vial contains 15 ml of concentrated buffer. Dilute the content of the vial with 135 ml HPLC-grade water. When stored at 4°C, this diluted assay buffer is stable for at least six months.

#### 2. Aconitase Positive Control - (Item No. 705504)

The vial contains approximately 10 mg of porcine heart aconitase. In a separate vial, weigh out 5 mg of aconitase and place vial on ice until the Activation Solution is prepared.

#### 3. Aconitase Cysteine Hydrochloride - (Item No. 705507)

The vial contains approximately 30 mg of cysteine hydrochloride. Dissolve 9 mg in 1 ml of 1X Assay Buffer. This 50 mM solution will be used to prepare the Activation Solution in #5.

#### 4. Aconitase Ferrous Ammonium Sulfate - (Item No. 705508)

The vial contains approximately 10 mg of ferrous ammonium sulfate. Dissolve 5 mg in 13 ml of 1X Assay Buffer. This 1 mM solution will be used to prepare the Activation Solution in #5.

#### 5. Aconitase Activation Solution

Using the table, on page 8, prepare 10 ml of Activation Solution by adding the reagents in the order listed. This solution is used to "activate" the Aconitase Positive Control. The Activation Solution is stable for two hours.

Reagent	Volume
1X Assay Buffer	9.25 ml
50 mM Cysteine Hydrochloride	500 µl
1 mM Ferrous Ammonium Sulfate	250 µl

**Table 1. Preparation of Aconitase Activation Solution**

## 6. “Activate” Aconitase

Add 5 ml of the solution prepared in step 5 to the tube of aconitase prepared in step 1 and mix until aconitase is dissolved. Incubate the Aconitase Solution for one hour on ice. After incubation, use the activated aconitase within 30 minutes. Aconitase activation is required each day the assay is performed.

## 7. Aconitase NADP<sup>+</sup> Reagent - (Item No. 705509)

Each vial contains lyophilized NADP<sup>+</sup>. Immediately before use, reconstitute vial contents with 2 ml of HPLC-grade water. Once reconstituted, this solution is stable for <1 hour. One vial is sufficient to perform 32 reactions. Prepare additional vials as needed.

## 8. Aconitase Isocitric Dehydrogenase - (Item No. 705510)

Each vial contains lyophilized Isocitric Dehydrogenase. Immediately before use, reconstitute vial contents with 2 ml of HPLC-grade water. Once reconstituted, this solution is stable for <1 hour. One vial is sufficient to perform 32 reactions. Prepare additional vials as needed.

## 9. Aconitase Substrate Solution (10X) - (Item No. 705506)

The vial contains 2 ml of sodium citrate in Tris-HCl. Immediately before use, transfer 300 µl of the 10X Substrate Solution to a vial and add 2.7 ml of 1X Assay Buffer. The diluted Substrate Solution is sufficient to perform 32 reactions. Prepare additional substrate as needed.

# Sample Preparation

## Tissue Homogenate

Aconitase activity has been detected in the following tissues: heart, liver, and lung<sup>16-19</sup>

1. Weigh tissue and then mince into small pieces.
2. Homogenize in 5-10 ml of cold Assay Buffer per gram of tissue.
3. Centrifuge at 800 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C.
4. Sonicate the supernatant for 20 seconds.
5. If not assaying on the same day, freeze the supernatant at -80°C until use. The sample will be stable for one month.
6. Before performing the assay, further dilute the tissue to 500-1,000 µg/ml total protein with 1X Assay Buffer.

## Tissue Mitochondrial Protein

1. Weigh tissue and then mince into small pieces.
2. Homogenize in 5-10 ml of cold Assay Buffer per gram of tissue.
3. Centrifuge the homogenate at 800 x g for 5 minutes at 4°C.
4. Centrifuge the supernatant at 10,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C.
5. Discard supernatant.
6. Resuspend the pellet in 0.5-1 ml of cold Assay Buffer and sonicate for 20 seconds.
7. If not assaying on the same day, freeze the sample at -80°C. The sample will be stable for one month.
8. Before performing the assay, further dilute the tissue to 500-1,000 µg/ml total protein with 1X Assay Buffer.

# Cultured Cells

Aconitase is reported to be found in A549, AT-3, and PC-3 cells.<sup>19-21</sup>

1. Aspirate off media.
2. Add cold PBS and aspirate off to remove any residual medium.
3. Add enough cold PBS to cover cells.
4. Incubate cells at 4°C for 10 minutes.
5. Aspirate off PBS.
6. Add enough cold PBS to cover cells.
7. Scrape off cells with a scraper and add to centrifuge tube.
8. Centrifuge cells at 800 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C.
9. Discard supernatant.
10. Resuspend cell pellet in 1-2 ml of cold Assay Buffer.
11. Sonicate the cell suspension 20X at one second bursts.
12. Centrifuge cell suspension at 20,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C.
13. Aliquot supernatant to vials and freeze at -80°C until use.
14. Resuspend pellet in cold Assay Buffer and freeze at -80°C until use.
15. Before assaying, further dilute the samples to 500-1,000 µg/ml total protein with 1X Assay Buffer.

# ASSAY PROTOCOL

## Plate Set Up

There is no specific pattern for using the wells on the plate. A typical layout of Aconitase Positive Control, Background, and Samples to be measured in triplicate is given below in Figure 2. We suggest you record the contents of each well on the template sheet provided (see page 23).

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	BL	BL	BL	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
B	+	+	+	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
C	S1	S1	S1	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
D	S1I	S1I	S1I	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
E	S2	S2	S2	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
F	S2I	S2I	S2I	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
G	S3	S3	S3	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
H	S3I	S3I	S3I	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H

- BL - Blank Wells
- + - Aconitase Positive Control
- S1-S3 - Samples 1-3
- S1I-S3I - Samples 1-3 - Substrate
- H - Other Samples

Figure 2. Sample plate format

### Pipetting Hints

- Before pipetting each reagent, equilibrate the pipette tip in that reagent (*i.e.*, slowly fill the tip and gently expel the contents, repeat several times).
- Do not expose the pipette tip to the reagent(s) already in the well.

### General Information

- The final volume of the assay is 205  $\mu\text{l}$  in all wells.
- We recommend assaying samples in the presence and absence of Substrate.
- Use the diluted Assay Buffer in the assay.
- It is not necessary to use all the wells on the plate at one time.
- It is recommended replicates be performed triplicate, but it is the user's discretion to do so.
- The assay is performed at 37°C.
- Measure the absorbance at 340 nm.

### Performing the Assay

1. **Blank Wells** - Add 55  $\mu\text{l}$  of Assay Buffer, 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of NADP<sup>+</sup> Reagent, and 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of Isocitric Dehydrogenase to three wells (see suggested plate configuration, Figure 2, page 11).
2. **Aconitase Positive Control Wells** - After the hour incubation, add 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of “activated” aconitase, 5  $\mu\text{l}$  of Assay Buffer, 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of NADP<sup>+</sup> Reagent, and 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of Isocitric Dehydrogenase to three wells.
3. **Sample Wells** - Add 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of sample, 5  $\mu\text{l}$  of Assay Buffer, 50  $\mu\text{l}$  NADP<sup>+</sup> Reagent, and 50  $\mu\text{l}$  Isocitric Dehydrogenase to three wells.
4. **Sample Background** - Add 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of sample, 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of NADP<sup>+</sup> Reagent, 50  $\mu\text{l}$  Isocitric Dehydrogenase, and 5  $\mu\text{l}$  of Assay Buffer.
5. Initiate the reactions by adding 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of the diluted Substrate Solution to all control and sample wells, 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of assay buffer to sample background wells.
6. Measure the absorbance once every minute at 340 nm for 30 minutes at 37°C.

Wells	Blank	Positive Control	Sample	Sample Background
Sample	-	-	50 $\mu\text{l}$	50 $\mu\text{l}$
Activated Aconitase	-	50 $\mu\text{l}$ (After 1 hour Incubation)	-	-
Aconitase Assay Buffer	55 $\mu\text{l}$	5 $\mu\text{l}$	5 $\mu\text{l}$	55 $\mu\text{l}$
Aconitase NADP <sup>+</sup> Reagent	50 $\mu\text{l}$	50 $\mu\text{l}$	50 $\mu\text{l}$	50 $\mu\text{l}$
Aconitase Isocitric Dehydrogenase	50 $\mu\text{l}$	50 $\mu\text{l}$	50 $\mu\text{l}$	50 $\mu\text{l}$
Aconitase Substrate Solution (At initiate step)	50 $\mu\text{l}$	50 $\mu\text{l}$	50 $\mu\text{l}$	-

**Table 2. Pipetting summary**

## ANALYSIS

### Calculations

Determination of the Reaction Rate

1. Determine change in absorbance ( $\Delta A_{340}$ ) per minute by:
  - a) Plot the absorbance values as a function of time to obtain the slope (rate) of the liner portion of the curve (an example of the activated porcine heart aconitase is shown in Figure 3 on page 15)

OR

- b) Select two points on the linear portion of the curve and determine the change in absorbance during that time using the following equation:

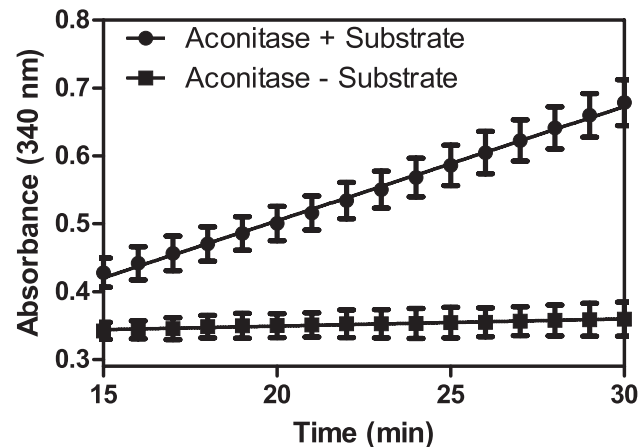
$$\Delta A_{340} = \left[ \frac{A_{340} (\text{Time 2}) - A_{340} (\text{Time 1})}{\text{Time 2 (min.)} - \text{Time 1 (min.)}} \right]$$

2. Determine the rate  $\Delta A_{340}/\text{min.}$  for the blank and subtract this rate from all the samples, including the aconitase positive control, sample, and sample background.
3. Use the following formula to calculate the aconitase activity. The reaction rate at 340 nm can be determined using the NADPH extinction coefficient of  $0.00313 \mu\text{M}^{-1}$ . \* One unit of aconitase will convert 1.0 nmol of citrate to isocitrate per minute at  $37^\circ\text{C}$ .

Aconitase Activity (nmol/min/ml) =

$$\left[ \frac{\Delta A/\text{min. (sample)} - \Delta A/\text{min. (sample background)}}{0.00313 \mu\text{M}^{-1}} \right] \times \frac{0.205 \text{ ml}}{0.05 \text{ ml}} \times \text{Sample Dilution}$$

\*The actual extinction coefficient for NADPH at 340 nm is  $0.00622 \mu\text{M}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . This value has been adjusted for the pathlength of the solution in the well (0.503 cm).



**Figure 3. Activity of porcine heart aconitase**



# Performance Characteristics

## Precision:

When a series of 22 aconitase measurements were performed on the same day, the intra-assay coefficient of variation was 9.5%. When a series of 15 aconitase measurements were performed on five different days under the same experimental conditions, the inter-assay coefficient of variation was 9.4%.

## Sensitivity:

Samples containing aconitase activity as low as 1.7 µmol/min/ml can be assayed without further dilution or concentration.

# RESOURCES

## Interferences

The following reagents were tested for interference in the assay.

	Reagent	Will Interfere (Yes or No)
Buffers:	Borate	Yes
	HEPES	No
	Phosphate	Yes
Detergents:	Polysorbate 20 (1%)	No
	Triton X-100 (1%)	No
Chelators:	EDTA (1 mM)	Yes
	EGTA (1 mM)	Yes
Protease Inhibitors/ Enzymes:	Trypsin (10 µg/ml)	Yes
	PMSF (200 µM)	Yes
	Leupeptin (10 µg/ml)	Yes
	Antipain (0.1 mg/ml)	Yes
	Chymostatin (10 µg/ml)	Yes
Solvents:	DMSO (10 µl)	No
	Ethanol (10 µl)	No
	Methanol (10 µl)	No
Others:	Glycerol (10%)	Yes
	Sucrose (250 mM)	Yes

# Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
Erratic values; dispersion of duplicates/triplicates	A. Poor pipetting/technique B. Bubble in the well(s)	A. Be careful not to splash the contents of the wells B. Carefully tap the side of the plate with your finger to remove bubbles
No aconitase activity was detected in the sample	Sample was too dilute	Re-assay the sample using a lower dilution

# References

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## Related Products

Aconitase Fluorometric Assay Kit - Item No. 700600  
 Antioxidant Assay Kit - Item No. 709001  
 Ascorbate Assay Kit - Item No. 700420  
 Catalase Assay Kit - Item No. 707002  
 Catalase Assay Kit (without Hydrogen Peroxide) - Item No. 700910  
 γ-CEHC EIA Kit (plasma and serum) - Item No. 10010621  
 Chloride Colorimetric Assay Kit - Item No. 700610  
 DNA/RNA Oxidative Damage EIA Kit - Item No. 589320  
 Glutathione Assay Kit - Item No. 703002  
 Glutathione Peroxidase Assay Kit - Item No. 703102  
 Glutathione Reductase Assay Kit - Item No. 703202  
 Glutathione S-Transferase Assay Kit - Item No. 703302  
 HIF-1α Transcription Factor Assay Kit - Item No. 10006910  
 Hydrogen Peroxide (urinary) Assay Kit - Item No. 706011  
 8-Isoprostane EIA Kit - Item No. 516351  
 Lipid Hydroperoxide (LPO) Assay Kit - Item No. 705002  
 MitoCheck Complex I Activity Assay Kit - Item No. 700930  
 MitoCheck Complex II Activity Assay Kit - Item No. 700940  
 MitoCheck Complex II/III Activity Assay Kit - Item No. 700950  
 MitoCheck Mitochondrial (Tissue) Isolation Kit - Item No. 701010  
 S-Nitrosylated Protein Detection Kit - Item No. 10006518  
 Protein Carbonyl Colorimetric Assay Kit - Item No. 10005020  
 Superoxide Dismutase Assay Kit - Item No. 706002  
 TBARS Assay Kit - Item No. 10009055  
 Thioredoxin Reductase Colorimetric Assay Kit - Item No. 10007892  
 Xanthine Oxidase Fluorometric Assay Kit - Item No. 10010895

Warranty and Limitation of Remedy

Cayman Chemical Company makes **no warranty or guarantee** of any kind, whether written or oral, expressed or implied, including without limitation, any warranty of fitness for a particular purpose, suitability and merchantability, which extends beyond the description of the chemicals hereof. Cayman **warrants only** to the original customer that the material will meet our specifications at the time of delivery. Cayman will carry out its delivery obligations with due care and skill. Thus, in no event will Cayman have **any obligation or liability**, whether in tort (including negligence) or in contract, for any direct, indirect, incidental or consequential damages, even if Cayman is informed about their possible existence. This limitation of liability does not apply in the case of intentional acts or negligence of Cayman, its directors or its employees.

Buyer's **exclusive remedy** and Cayman's sole liability hereunder shall be limited to a refund of the purchase price, or at Cayman's option, the replacement, at no cost to Buyer, of all material that does not meet our specifications.

Said refund or replacement is conditioned on Buyer giving written notice to Cayman within thirty (30) days after arrival of the material at its destination. Failure of Buyer to give said notice within thirty (30) days shall constitute a waiver by Buyer of all claims hereunder with respect to said material.

For further details, please refer to our Warranty and Limitation of Remedy located on our website and in our catalog.

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## NOTES

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