Product Manual

CytoSelect™ 96-Well In Vitro Tumor Sensitivity Assay (Soft Agar Colony Formation)

Catalog Number
- CBA-150  96 assays
- CBA-150-5  5 x 96 assays

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY
Not for use in diagnostic procedures
Introduction
Tumor sensitivity assays are intended to help predict the sensitivity of various tumors to chemotherapeutic agents, with the intent of identifying the most effective treatment with the fewest side effects. With this information, physicians can devise tailor made chemotherapy regiments and eliminate ineffective drugs, sparing patients of unnecessary toxicity. Ideally, an in vitro tumor sensitivity assay must be reliable, sensitive, and resemble the 3-D, in vivo environment (such as culturing in collagen gel or soft agar).

Traditionally, the soft agar colony formation assay is a common method to monitor anchorage-independent growth, which measures proliferation in a semisolid culture media after 3-4 weeks by manual counting of colonies. Cell Biolabs’ CytoSelect™ 96-well In Vitro Tumor Sensitivity Assay does not involve subjective manual counting of colonies or require a 3-4 week incubation period. Instead cells are incubated only 6-8 days in a proprietary semisolid agar media before being solubilized, transferred and detected by the provided MTT Solution in a microtiter plate reader (see Assay Principle below).

The CytoSelect™ 96-well In Vitro Tumor Sensitivity Assay provides a stringent, anchorage-independent model for chemosensitivity testing and potential anticancer drug screening. Each kit provides sufficient quantities to perform 96 tests in a microtiter plate.
Assay Principle

Related Products
1. CBA-100: CytoSelect™ 24-Well Cell Migration Assay (8μm, Colorimetric)
2. CBA-106: CytoSelect™ 96-Well Cell Migration Assay (8μm, Fluorometric)
3. CBA-106-C: CytoSelect™ 96-Well Cell Migration and Invasion Assay (8μm, Fluorometric)
4. CBA-112: CytoSelect™ 96-Well Cell Invasion Assay (Basement Membrane, Fluorometric)
5. CBA-130: CytoSelect™ 96-Well Cell Transformation Assay (Soft Agar Colony Formation)
6. CBA-135: CytoSelect™ 96-Well Cell Transformation Assay (Cell Recovery, Colorimetric)
7. CBA-140: CytoSelect™ 96-Well Cell Transformation Assay (Cell Recovery, Fluorometric)
8. CBA-145: CytoSelect™ 384-Well Cell Transformation Assay
9. CBA-155: CytoSelect™ Clonogenic Tumor Cell Isolation Kit
10. CBA-320: CytoSelect™ 96-Well Hematopoietic Colony Forming Cell Assay
Kit Components
1. 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution (Part No. 114001): One 10 mL sterile bottle
2. CytoSelect™ Matrix Diluent (Part No. 114002): One 4 mL sterile bottle
3. 5X DMEM Solution (Part No. 113002): Three 1.5 mL sterile tubes
4. 1X Matrix Solubilization Buffer (Part No. 115001): One 20 mL sterile bottle
5. Detergent Solution (Part No. 113501): One 20 mL bottle
6. MTT Solution (Part No. 113502): One 1 mL tube

Materials Not Supplied
1. Tumor Cells (cancer cell line or cells prepared from solid tumor)
2. Anticancer Agents (e.g. Taxol, 5-Fluorouracil, anticancer mAb or siRNA)
3. 37ºC Incubator, 5% CO₂ Atmosphere
4. Light Microscope
5. 96-well Microtiter Plate Reader
6. 37ºC and boiling water baths

Storage
Store all components at 4ºC until their expiration dates.

Preparation of Reagents
- 2X DMEM/20% FBS Medium: In a sterile tube, dilute the provided 5X DMEM in sterile cell culture grade water to 2X containing 20% FBS. For example, to prepare a 5 mL solution, add 2 mL of 5X DMEM, 1 mL of FBS and 2 mL of sterile cell culture grade water. Sterile filter the 2X media to 0.2 µm.
  
  Note: You may substitute your own medium in place of the DMEM we provide, but ensure that it is at a 2X concentration.
- 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution: Heat the Agar Matrix Solution bottle to 90-95ºC in a water bath for 30 minutes, or until agar matrix liquefies (microwaving is optional). Transfer the bottle to a 37ºC water bath for 20 minutes and maintain until needed.

Assay Protocol (must be under sterile conditions)

I. Preparation of Base Agar Matrix Layer
1. Heat the 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution to 90-95ºC in a water bath for 30 minutes, or until agar matrix liquefies (microwaving is optional). Transfer the bottle to a 37ºC water bath for 20 minutes and maintain until needed.
2. Warm the 2X DMEM/20% FBS medium (see Preparation of Reagents section) to 37°C in a water bath. Allow at least 30 minutes for the temperature to equilibrate.

3. According to Table 1 (below), prepare the desired volume of Base Agar Matrix Layer in the following sequence:
   a. In a sterile tube, add the appropriate volume of 2X DMEM/20% FBS medium.
   b. Next, add the corresponding volume of sterile water. Mix well.
   c. Finally, add the corresponding volume of 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution. Mix well.

   \[ \text{Note: The 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution is slightly viscous; care should be taken in accurately pipetting the appropriate volume.} \]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2X DMEM/20% FBS Medium (mL)</th>
<th>Sterile Water (mL)</th>
<th>10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution (mL)</th>
<th>Total Volume of Base Agar Matrix Layer (mL)</th>
<th># of Tests in 96-well Plate (50 µL/test)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\[ \text{Table 2. Preparation of Base Agar Matrix Layer} \]

4. After mixing, maintain the Base Agar Matrix Layer at 37°C to avoid gelation.

5. Dispense 50 µL of Base Agar Matrix Layer into each well of a 96-well sterile flat-bottom microplate (samples should be assayed in triplicate). Gently tap the plate a few times to ensure the Base Agar Matrix Layer evenly covers the wells.

   \[ \text{Notes:} \]
   \[ \begin{itemize}
   \item Work quickly with the layer to avoid gelation. Also, try to avoid adding air bubbles to the well.
   \item To avoid fast and uneven evaporation that leads to aberrant results, we suggest not using the wells on the plate edge, or filling the edge wells with medium to reduce evaporation.
   \end{itemize} \]

6. Transfer the plate to 4°C for 30 minutes to allow the Base Agar Matrix Layer to solidify.

7. Prior to adding the Cell Suspension/Agar Matrix Layer (Section II), allow the plate to warm to room temperature for 30 minutes.

\[ \text{II. Addition of Cell Suspension/Agar Matrix Layer (under sterile conditions)} \]

1. Heat the 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution to 90-95°C in a water bath for 30 minutes, or until agar matrix liquefies (microwaving is optional). Transfer the bottle to a 37°C water bath for 20 minutes and maintain until needed.
2. Warm the 2X DMEM/20% FBS medium (see Preparation of Reagents section) and CytoSelect™ Matrix Diluent to 37ºC in a water bath. Allow at least 30 minutes for the temperature to equilibrate.

3. Harvest and resuspend cells in culture medium at 0.1 - 1 x 10^6 cells/mL. Keep the cell suspension warm in a 37ºC water bath.

4. According to Table 2 (below), prepare the desired volume of Cell Suspension/Agar Matrix Layer in the following sequence:
   a. In a sterile tube, add the appropriate volume of 2X DMEM/20% FBS medium.
   b. Next, add the corresponding volume of CytoSelect™ Matrix Diluent. Mix well.
   c. Next, add the corresponding volume of 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution. Mix well.
   d. Finally, add the corresponding volume of cell suspension. Mix well.

   *Note: The CytoSelect™ Matrix Diluent and 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution are slightly viscous; care should be taken in accurately pipetting the appropriate volumes.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2X DMEM/20% FBS Medium (mL)</th>
<th>CytoSelect™ Matrix Diluent (mL)</th>
<th>10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution (mL)</th>
<th>Cell Suspension (mL)</th>
<th>Total Volume of Cell Suspension/Agar Matrix Layer (mL)</th>
<th># of Tests in 96-well Plate (75 µL/test)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>0.75</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>1.375</td>
<td>0.375</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.875</td>
<td>0.688</td>
<td>0.188</td>
<td>0.125</td>
<td>1.875</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Table 3. Preparation of Cell Suspension/Agar Matrix Layer**

5. After mixing, incubate the Cell Suspension/Agar Matrix Layer at room temperature for 5 minutes.

6. Immediately dispense 75 µL of Cell Suspension/Agar Matrix Layer into each well of the 96-well plate, already containing the Base Agar Matrix Layer (Section I).

   *Notes:*
   - *Work quickly with the layer to avoid gelation, but gently pipette as not to disrupt the base layer integrity. Also, try to avoid adding air bubbles to the well.*
   - *Always include negative control wells that contain no cells in the Cell Suspension/Agar Matrix Layer.*

7. Transfer the plate to 4 ºC for 20 minutes to allow the Cell Suspension/Agar Matrix Layer to solidify.

8. Allow the plate to warm to room temperature for 30 minutes.

9. Add 50 µL of culture medium containing anticancer agents (e.g. Taxol, 5-Fluorouracil, mAb, etc.) to each well.
10. Incubate the cells for 6-8 days at 37°C and 5% CO₂. Examine the colony formation under a light microscope.

**III. Quantitation of Anchorage-Independent Growth**

1. Add 125 μL of the 1X Matrix Solubilization Buffer to each well.
2. Pipette the entire volume of the well 10-12 times to mix thoroughly and solubilize the agar matrix completely.
3. Transfer 100 μL of the mixture to a 96-well microtiter plate.
4. Add 10 μL of MTT Solution to each well. Pipette each well 7-10 times to ensure a homogeneous mixture.
5. Incubate the plate for 2-4 hours at 37°C and 5% CO₂. 
   *Note: Under the microscope, a purple precipitate should be visible within the cells.*
6. Add 100 μL of Detergent Solution to each well.
7. Incubate the plate in the dark for 2-4 hours at room temperature.
8. Pipette each well 7-10 times to ensure a homogeneous mixture.
9. Measure the absorbance at 570 nm in a 96-well microtiter plate reader.

**Cell Dose Curve (optional)**

1. Heat the 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution to 90-95°C in a water bath for 30 minutes, or until agar matrix liquefies (microwaving is optional). Transfer the bottle to a 37°C water bath for 20 minutes and maintain until needed.
2. Warm the 2X DMEM/20% FBS medium (see Preparation of Reagents section) and CytoSelect™ Matrix Diluent to 37°C in a water bath. Allow at least 30 minutes for the temperature to equilibrate.
3. Harvest and resuspend cells in culture medium at 5 - 10 x 10⁶ cells/mL.
4. Prepare a serial 2-fold dilution in culture medium, including a blank without cells.
5. Transfer 50 μL of each dilution to a 96-well plate.
6. According to Table 3 (below), prepare the desired volume of Cell Dose Curve Solution in the following sequence:
   a. In a sterile tube, add the appropriate volume of 2X DMEM/20% FBS medium.
   b. Next, add the corresponding volume of sterile water. Mix well.
   c. Next, add the corresponding volume of CytoSelect™ Matrix Diluent. Mix well.
   d. Finally, add the corresponding volume of 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution. Mix well.
Note: The CytoSelect™ Matrix Diluent and 10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution are slightly viscous; care should be taken in accurately pipetting the appropriate volumes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2X DMEM/20% FBS Medium (mL)</th>
<th>Sterile Water (mL)</th>
<th>CytoSelect™ Matrix Diluent (mL)</th>
<th>10X CytoSelect™ Agar Matrix Solution (mL)</th>
<th>Total Volume of Cell Dose Curve Solution (mL)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>0.55</td>
<td>0.25</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.625</td>
<td>0.225</td>
<td>0.275</td>
<td>0.125</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 4. Preparation of Cell Dose Curve Solution

7. Immediately dispense 125 µL of Cell Dose Curve Solution into the wells of the 96-well plate, already containing the cell serial dilution (from step 5).

8. Add 125 µL of 1X Matrix Solubilization Buffer to each well. Pipette each well 10-12 times to mix thoroughly.

9. Transfer 100 µL of the mixture to a 96-well microtiter plate.

10. Add 10 µL of MTT Solution to each well. Pipette each well 7-10 times to ensure a homogeneous mixture.

11. Incubate the plate for 2-4 hours at 37°C and 5% CO2.

   Note: Under the microscope, a purple precipitate should be visible within the cells.

12. Add 100 µL of Detergent Solution to each well.

13. Incubate the plate in the dark for 2-4 hours at room temperature.

14. Pipette each well 7-10 times to ensure a homogeneous mixture.

15. Measure the absorbance at 570 nm in a 96-well microtiter plate reader.

Example of Results

The following figures demonstrate typical results with the CytoSelect™ Cell Transformation Assay Kit. Absorbance measurements were performed on a Microplate Autoreader EL311 (Bio-Tek Instruments Inc.) with a 570 nm filter. One should use the data below for reference only. This data should not be used to interpret actual results.
Figure 1. **HeLa Cell Dose Curve.** Cervical carcinoma HeLa cells were resuspended at $6 \times 10^6$ cells/mL and titrated 1:2 in culture medium, followed by addition of Cell Dose Curve Solution, Matrix Solubilization Solution, MTT Solution, and Detergent Solution (as described in the Cell Dose Section). Results are shown by cell concentration or by actual cell number in MTT Detection.

Figure 2. **Inhibition of Hela Cell Transformation by 5-Fluorouracil.** HeLa cells were seeded at 5000 cells/well and cultured 7 days at various 5-FU concentrations. Cell transformation was determined according to the assay protocol. IC50 value of 5-Fluorouracil on HeLa cell anchorage-independent growth was determined to be $\sim 1 \mu$M.
Figure 3. Inhibition of HeLa Cell Anchorage-Independent Growth by Taxol. HeLa cells were cultured for 7 days in the absence (left) or presence (right) of 1 nM Taxol according to the assay protocol.

Calculation of Anchorage-Independent Growth

1. Compare OD$_{570nm}$ values with the Cell Dose Curve and extrapolate the cell concentration.
2. Calculate the Total Transformed Cell Number/Well
   \[ \text{Total Transformed Cells/Well} = \text{cells/mL} \times 0.050 \text{ mL/well} \]

   For example: If you extrapolate your OD$_{570nm}$ value from your cell dose curve and determine you have 500,000 cells/mL in your sample.
   \[ \text{Total Transformed Cells/Well} = 500,000 \text{ cells/mL} \times 0.050 \text{ mL/well} = 25,000 \text{ cells/well} \]

References


Recent Product Citations


Warranty
These products are warranted to perform as described in their labeling and in Cell Biolabs literature when used in accordance with their instructions. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES THAT EXTEND BEYOND THIS EXPRESSED WARRANTY AND CELL BIOLABS DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE. CELL BIOLABS’ sole obligation and purchaser’s exclusive remedy for breach of this warranty shall be, at the option of CELL BIOLABS, to repair or replace the products. In no event shall CELL BIOLABS be liable for any proximate, incidental or consequential damages in connection with the products.

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