

Mouse TGF-β RII APC-conjugated Antibody

Antigen Affinity-purified Polyclonal Goat IgG Catalog Number: FAB532A 100 TESTS, 25 TESTS

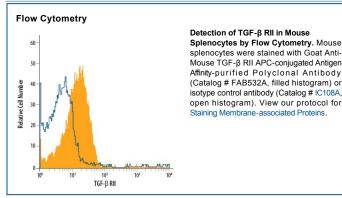
DESCRIPTION			
Species Reactivity	Mouse		
Specificity	Detects mouse TGF-β RII in direct ELISAs and Western blots. In direct ELISAs, approximately 5% cross-reactivity with recombinant hur (rh) TGF-β RII is observed and less than 1% cross-reactivity with recombinant mouse TGF-β RI and rhTGF-β RIII is observed.		
Source	Polyclonal Goat IgG		
Purification	Antigen Affinity-purified		
Immunogen	Mouse myeloma cell line NS0-derived recombinant mouse TGF-β RII and <i>S. frugiperda</i> insect ovarian cell line <i>Sf</i> 21-derived recombinant mouse TGF-β RII lle24-Asp184 Accession # Q62312		
Conjugate	Allophycocyanin Excitation Wavelength: 620-650 nm Emission Wavelength: 660-670 nm		
Formulation	Supplied in a saline solution containing BSA and Sodium Azide. See Certificate of Analysis for details.		
	*Contains <0.1% Sodium Azide, which is not hazardous at this concentration according to GHS classifications. Refer to the Safety Data Shed (SDS) for additional information and handling instructions.		

APPLICATIONS

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

	Recommended Concentration	Sample
Flow Cytometry	10 μL/10 ⁶ cells	See Below

DATA



PREPARATION AND STORAGE

Shipping The product is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

Stability & Storage

Protect from light. Do not freeze.

• 12 months from date of receipt, 2 to 8 °C as supplied

BACKGROUND

Most cell types express three sizes of receptors for TGF-β. These are designated Type I (53 kDa), Type II (70-85 kDa), and Type III (250-350 kDa). The Type III receptor, a proteoglycan that exists in membrane-bound and soluble forms, binds TGF-β1, TGF-β2, and TGF-β3 but does not appear to be involved in signal transduction. The Type II receptor is a membrane-bound serine/threonine kinase that binds TGF-β1 and TGF-β3 with high affinity and TGF-β2 with a much lower affinity. The Type I receptor is also a membrane-bound serine/threonine kinase that apparently requires the presence of the Type II receptor to bind TGF-β. Current evidence suggests that signal transduction requires the cytoplasmic domains of both the Type II receptors.

The recombinant soluble TGF- β Type II receptor is capable of binding TGF- β 1, TGF- β 3, and TGF- β 5 with sufficient affinity to act as an inhibitor of these isoforms at high concentrations. The soluble receptor also binds TGF- β 2, but with an affinity at least two orders of magnitude lower. Binding of TGF- β 1, TGF- β 3, and TGF- β 5 to the soluble TGF- β Type II receptor can also be demonstrated by using the soluble receptor as a capture agent on ELISA plates and this observation has been used as the basis for the development of immunoassays for these isoforms of TGF- β 6.

References:

1. Miyazono, K. et al. (1994) Adv. in Immunol. **55**:181.

