**DESCRIPTION**

**Specificity**
Detects Myosin Heavy Chain in human, mouse, rat and other mammalian, avian, and amphibian species.

**Source**
Monoclonal Mouse IgG2B Clone # MF20

**Purification**
Protein A or G purified from hybridoma culture supernatant

**Immunogen**
Chicken pectoralis-derived Myosin

**Formulation**
Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with Trehalose. See Certificate of Analysis for details.

*Small pack size (SP) is supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS.

**APPLICATIONS**

Please Note: Optimal dilutions should be determined by each laboratory for each application. General Protocols are available in the Technical Information section on our website.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommended Concentration</th>
<th>Sample</th>
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<tr>
<td>8-25 μg/mL</td>
<td>See Below</td>
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**Western Blot**

**DATA**

**Immunocytochemistry**

Myosin Heavy Chain in C2C12 Mouse Cell Line. Myosin Heavy Chain was detected in immersion fixed C2C12 mouse myoblast cell line using Mouse Anti-Human Myosin Heavy Chain Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog # MAB4470) at 10 μg/mL for 3 hours at room temperature. Cells were stained using the NorthernLights™ 557-conjugated Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody (red; Catalog # NL007) and counterstained with DAPI (blue). View our protocol for Fluorescent ICC Staining of Cells on Coverslips.

**PREPARATION AND STORAGE**

**Reconstitution**
Reconstitute at 0.5 mg/mL in sterile PBS.

**Shipping**
The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended below.

*Small pack size (SP) is shipped with polar packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at -20 to -70 °C

**Stability & Storage**
Use a manual defrost freezer and avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- 12 months from date of receipt, -20 to -70 °C as supplied.
- 1 month, 2 to 8 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.
- 6 months, -20 to -70 °C under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

**BACKGROUND**

Skeletal muscle Myosin or myosin II is the motor protein that generates force to drive muscle contraction. It is a 520 kDa hexamer comprised of two heavy chains and four light chains. Myosin heavy chain is 220 kDa in size and consists of a long coiled-coil domain tail that mediates dimerization of the two heavy chains and a globular head region that mediates ATP-dependent sliding of actin filaments. Myosin heavy chain can be proteolytically cleaved to produce heavy meromyosin, which includes the S1 motor domain (head region) and first third of the coiled coil domain, and light meromyosin, which includes the C-terminal two thirds of the coiled coil domain.