

# Western Blot Tool Box

BOX12/BOX12-03

V1.1

**Store at 2-8°C**
**For research use only**

## Introduction

The Western Blot Tool Box is designed to conveniently provide reagents/buffers needed for Western blotting, from cell lysis, protein quantification, protein separation, protein transfer, antibody incubation, and chemiluminescent detection. All items on this all-in-one box are available individually.

## Product Components

Product Name	Cat. No.	BOX12	BOX12-03	Content	Working Reactions
RIPA Cell Lysis Buffer (5X) <sup>1</sup>	RP05-10	●	●	10 mL	50 runs of cell lysis
Dual-Range™ BCA Protein Assay Kit	BC03-100				
-Reagent A	BC03-100A	●	●	100 mL	50 tube assays or 500 microplate assays
-Reagent B	BC03-100B			2 mL	
-Albumin Standard (2 mg/mL)	BC03-100S			1 mL	
SDS-PAGE Running Buffer <sup>2</sup>	RB500	●	●	10 Powder Packs	10 runs of mini-gels
Western Blot Transfer Buffer <sup>3</sup>	WTB500	●	●	10 Powder Packs	10 runs of mini-gel transfer
BlockPRO™ Protein-Free Blocking Buffer (20X)	BF20-50	●	●	10 Packs	10 blots
TBS Tween-20 Buffer (25X) <sup>4</sup>	TBST200	●	●	10 Packs	10 blots
LuminolPen, HRP System	LH03-10	-	●	1 Pen	100 membrane use
LumiFlash™ Ultima Chemiluminescent Substrate, HRP System	LF08-100	●	●	50 ml Soln A + 50 ml Soln B	50-100 blots (0.1 mL/cm <sup>2</sup> )

1. RIPA Cell Lysis Buffer (1X): 25mM Tris+HCl pH 7.6, 150mM NaCl, 1% NP-40, 1% sodium deoxycholate, 0.1% SDS

2. SDS Running Buffer (1X): 25mM Tris, 192mM Glycine, 0.1% SDS, pH8.3

3. Western Blot Transfer Buffer (1X): 25mM Tris, 192mM Glycine, pH8.3

4. TBS Tween-20 Buffer (1X): 25mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween-20, pH7.4

## Safety Information

Please wear gloves, lab coat and goggles while operating. Prevent contact product directly. In case of contacting, wash with large amount of water.

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## Storage

Store **Western Blot Tool Box** at 2-8 °C or follow the recommended storage temperature on the label of each component.

The Expiration date is noted on the component label.

## Materials needed but not provided

1. Centrifuge
2. Microcentrifuge tubes
3. PBS (Phosphate Buffered Saline) wash buffer
4. Protease or Phosphatase Inhibitor Cocktails (if desired)
5. Cell scraper
6. 96 well plate
7. Water bath
8. Plate Reader capable of measuring absorbance in the region of 560 nm
9. SDS-PAGE gel
10. Electrophoresis Unit & Power Supply Unit
11. Either nitrocellulose or PVDF
12. Western blot transfer tank
13. Filter paper (e.g. Whatman #50)
14. Specific primary antibody for interested protein, diluted in blocking buffer
15. HRP-conjugated secondary antibody, specific for primary antibody, diluted in blocking buffer
16. X-ray film or chemiluminescence image acquisition systems

## Instruction

### A. Sample Lysis (based on a typical adherent cell culture condition)

**ATTENTION:**

Reconstitute one bottle of **RIPA Cell Lysis Buffer (#RP05-10)** with 40 mL ddH<sub>2</sub>O to make 1X RIPA Cell Lysis Buffer. If desired, dilute the Protease Inhibitor Cocktails in recommended ratio with 1X RIPA Cell Lysis Buffer immediately before applying to cells.

1. Remove culture media from the cells by decantation or aspiration.
2. Carefully wash cells twice with a volume of cold PBS equal to that of the culture media removed.
3. After removal of the final wash solution from the cells, add an appropriate volume of RIPA Buffer (1 mL for 0.5-5 x 10<sup>7</sup> cells). Incubate on ice or in a refrigerator (2-8 °C) for 5-15 minutes.
4. Use cell scraper to scrape off cells. Pass the cell lysate through pipette several times to form a homogeneous lysate and transfer the lysate to ice-cold 1.5 mL microcentrifuge tube in an ice bucket.
5. Centrifuge the lysate at 14,000 × g for 15 minutes at 4 °C to pellet the cell debris.
6. Transfer supernatant to a clean tube for further analysis.
7. If necessary, aliquot the protein samples for long-term storage at -20 °C. Repeated freeze and thaw cycles cause protein degradation and it should be avoided.

**B. Protein Quantitation** (based on the Standard Protocol of Microplate Procedure; for tube assay and the Enhanced Protocol, please refer to the product manual of #BC03-100/BC03-250/BC03-500)

**ATTENTION:**

Prepare Working Reagent of **Dual-Range BCA Protein Assay Kit (#BC03-100)** by mixing 50 parts of Reagent A and 1 part of Reagent B. 200  $\mu$ L of Working Reagent is required for each sample in the Microplate Procedure.

1. Preparation of diluted protein standards: prepare a set protein standards

**Table 2. Preparation of Diluted Albumin (BSA) Standards for Microplate Procedure (working range: 20-2000 $\mu$ g/mL)**

Tube	Volume of Diluent ( $\mu$ L)	Volume and source of protein Standards ( $\mu$ L)	Final BSA Standard Concentration ( $\mu$ g/mL)
A	0	60 of Stock	2000
B	40	80 of Stock	1500
C	60	60 of Stock	1000
D	60	60 of tube B dilution	750
E	60	60 of tube C dilution	500
F	60	60 of tube E dilution	250
G	60	60 of tube F dilution	125
H	240	60 of tube G dilution	25
I	60	0	0

2. Add 200  $\mu$ L of the **Working Reagent** to each well and mix plate thoroughly on a plate shaker for 30 seconds.
3. Cover plate and incubate at 37 °C for 30 minutes.
4. Cool plate to room temperature.
5. Measure the absorbance at or near 562 nm on a plate reader.
6. Prepare a standard curve of BSA by plotting the average blank-corrected 562 nm measurement and determine the protein concentration of each unknown sample by using the standard curve.

## C. Protein Separation

**ATTENTION:**

Reconstitute one pack of **SDS-PAGE Running Buffer (#RB500)** with 500 mL ddH<sub>2</sub>O to make 1X running buffer.

1. Take 20-30  $\mu$ g of each sample. Dilute 5 parts sample with 1 part of 6X Laemmli Sample Buffer.(#SBR06-15).
2. Boil each cell lysate in sample buffer at 95 °C for 5 minutes and centrifuge at 16,000  $\times$  g in a microcentrifuge tube for 1 minute.
3. Fill the upper and lower buffer chamber with 1X running buffer.
4. Load equal amounts of protein into the wells of a mini or midi format SDS-PAGE gel, along with 3-5  $\mu$ L of Pre-Stained Protein Marker.
5. Run the gel for 5 minutes at 50 V.
6. Increase the voltage to 100–150 V to finish the run in about 1 hour.

**Table 3. The gel percentage required is dependent on the size of your protein of interest**

Protein size	Gel percentage
4–40 kDa	20%
12–45 kDa	15%
10–70 kDa	12.5%
15–100 kDa	10%
25–100 kDa	8%

## D. Protein Transfer

**ATTENTION:**

Reconstitute one pack of **Western Blot Transfer Buffer (#WTB500)** with 500 mL ddH<sub>2</sub>O (or 400 mL ddH<sub>2</sub>O + 100 mL MeOH for PVDF) to make 1X transfer buffer.

1. Move the electrophoretic gel into appropriate 1X transfer buffer and equilibrate for 10 minutes.
2. Wet the PVDF or nitrocellulose membrane in 1X transfer buffer (pre-wet the PVDF membrane in methanol prior to use).
3. Assemble the transferring sandwich as the order of two filter papers, gel, membrane and two filter papers. For wet transfer, the gel side of the cassette holder should face the cathode (-) while the membrane side should face the anode (+). For semi-dry transfer, the gel side should face the cathode plate (-), while the membrane side should face the anode plate (+).
4. Transfer proteins according to blotting apparatus manufacturer's instruction.

## E. Antibody incubation

**ATTENTION:**

Reconstitute one pack of **BlockPRO™ Protein-Free Blocking buffer (#BF20-50)** with 50 mL ddH<sub>2</sub>O to make 1X blocking buffer and reconstitute one pack of **TBS Tween-20 Buffer (#TBS200)** with 200 mL ddH<sub>2</sub>O to make 1X wash buffer.

1. For taking notes on the membrane, please remove excess buffer from the membrane with filter paper. Keep the membrane wet and do not let the membrane over-dry.
2. Use **LuminolPen (#LH03-10)** to mark the pre-stained ladder on membrane before blocking (one drawing should be enough for delivering strong signals).
3. Block the membrane at room temperature for 1 hour with 1X blocking buffer.
4. Incubate the membrane with appropriate dilutions of primary antibody in 1X blocking buffer at 4°C overnight.
5. Wash the membrane three times for 5 minutes with 1X wash buffer.
6. Incubate the membrane with the recommended dilutions of conjugated secondary antibody in 1X blocking buffer at room temperature for 1 hour.
7. Wash the membrane three times for 5 minutes with 1X wash buffer.

## F. Chemiluminescent detection

**ATTENTION:**

Prepare HRP working substrate of **LumiFlash™ Series Chemiluminescent Substrate (#LF01/LF08/LF16)** by mixing equal volume of **Solution A** and **Solution B** in a clean tube freshly. 0.1 mL of HRP working substrate is sufficient per 1 cm<sup>2</sup> membrane area.

1. Before performing the ECL development (adding ECL substrates), gently remove the residual solution from the PVDF or nitrocellulose membrane by using filter paper. Keep the membrane wet and don't let the membrane over-dry.
2. In the dark room or box, place the protein side up in a clean box or plastic wrap. Add HRP working substrate onto the membrane.
3. Incubate the membrane at room temperature for 10 seconds.
4. Overlay plastic wrap or a transparency sheet on the wet membrane.
5. Expose the membrane to appropriate X-ray film or by chemiluminescent image acquisition system. It is recommended to use 1 minute as the initial exposure time.

## ■ Related Visual Protein Products

<b>BC03-500</b>	<b>Dual-Range™ BCA Protein Assay Kit</b> , sufficient reagents for 250 test-tube or 2500 microplate assays
<b>BF20-50P</b>	<b>BlockPRO™ Protein-Free Blotting Buffer (20X, 20 packs)</b> , 1 pack for making 50 mL of 1X blocking buffer
<b>LH03-50</b>	<b>LuminolPen™, HRP System</b> , 1000 membranes drawing
<b>LF08-500</b>	<b>LumiFlash™ Ultima Chemiluminescent Substrate</b> , 250 mL soln. A + 250 mL soln. B

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